

Nashville Union.

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The following Notices will be charged at the rates annexed; to be paid for when handed in.

MARRIAGE NOTICE—In the office of the Clerk of the Court, at Nashville, Tenn., on the 13th inst. Mr. Thomas Florence, the postmaster of this place, had commenced to build a fence on land belonging to Mrs. Green, whereupon she, being a woman of spirit, proceeded to tear it down. While she was doing so, Mr. F. walked deliberately up within twenty-five feet, without being seen by her, and shot her. Thirty-nine back-shot entered her right arm and breast. She expired in about twenty minutes. He had two loaded muskets with him, and when a young man in her employ ran down where she was he snapped the other at him. Her husband is section foreman on the railroad, and was four miles from home at the time.

Advertisements inserted in the Local Column charged at the rate of twenty cents per line. Letters on business and all communications must be addressed to the "Publishers of the Nashville Union." Communications and Letters intended for insertion must be addressed to S. C. MERRICK, Editor.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1862.

State Central Union Committee.

The President of the late Union meeting held in this city—Ex-Governor Wm. B. CAMPBELL—at the instance of a number of prominent gentlemen then present, has appointed a State Central Union Committee, with whom the friends of the Union in various parts of the State may put themselves in communication by letter or otherwise.

The Committee consists of the following named gentlemen:

ALLEN A. HALL, Chairman.
JOHN LELAND.
RUSSELL HOUTSON.
HORACE H. HARRISON.
M. M. BRIEN.

Take the Union!

It has a far larger circulation than any other daily newspaper that has been published here for years.

It is the official newspaper of the United States for Tennessee.

It is the official newspaper of the State of Tennessee.

It gives the latest news from the Military Department South, and later than any other paper.

It has immediate communication with the Military Headquarters, which no other paper here has.

Cotton.

Yesterday the streets were alive with drays and wagons, hauling cotton from the depot to the river. It was a highly gratifying sight, and was auspicious of happier days. Were Tennessee to return to her loyalty and thus establish peace in her borders, her cotton would be as remunerative to her as the tobacco crop of Kentucky is profitable to that State. She would reap a harvest of gold, as well as of happiness, peace and liberty. Let every man then labor for the universal restoration of the old flag in all our borders. Let us all retrieve the sad errors of the past, by being wiser for the future.

Music.

We have received from the hands of D. P. Faulds, Louisville, an elegantly embellished song called "I'm looking for him Home," by that popular composer, Will S. Hays, of that city. It is doubtless excellent. The words are very fine.

FIRST TENNESSEE REGIMENT.—We have heard it intimated that Captain GILLES, graduate of West Point, at present on Gen. BUELL'S Staff, who so bravely distinguished himself at Pittsburg Landing; and Capt. J. T. E. McLEANS, of the Western Military and Hudson River Military Institutes, are to be appointed Colonel and Lieut.-Colonel of this Regiment, now organizing in this city.

The appointment of such men would, no doubt, have a tendency to fill up the ranks of the regiment.

Working men of Nashville! will you longer be held in awe by a set of domineering aristocratic rebels who look upon you as their vassals, as much as their negroes? Be men. Cast off the ignominious burden. You are free, free, free, from the tyrants who have long kept you down.

We saw a load of cotton coming in yesterday which had evidently smelt the fire. It looked like a rebel who had burned his fingers in hunting for his rights.

We are indebted to Hon. Horace Maynard, for repeated attentions to this office, especially for a copy of his admirable speech delivered in this city on the 20th of last March. He is one of the gallant spirits of the nation.

A soldier is reported to have been found dead in the vicinity of the Water Works on Friday morning, having been shot by some cowardly assassin.

Awful Murder.

The Louisville Journal says that an awful murder was committed at Columbus, Ky., on the 13th inst. Mr. Thomas Florence, the postmaster of this place, had commenced to build a fence on land belonging to Mrs. Green, whereupon she, being a woman of spirit, proceeded to tear it down. While she was doing so, Mr. F. walked deliberately up within twenty-five feet, without being seen by her, and shot her. Thirty-nine back-shot entered her right arm and breast. She expired in about twenty minutes. He had two loaded muskets with him, and when a young man in her employ ran down where she was he snapped the other at him. Her husband is section foreman on the railroad, and was four miles from home at the time.

In speaking of rebel women in our paper, we refer always exclusively to that class which indulges in impertinence and insult to Union men and soldiers in the street. Such conduct is coarse, ill-bred and essentially vulgar. We believe such women are rare in the city. We know that among the ladies who sympathize, mistakenly, with the rebellion are many of pure and warm and gentle hearts, who indeed deserve the name of ladies. Such we ever treat with the highest respect.

We have received the April number of Hunt's Merchant's Magazine. It is a sterling periodical of established reputation. The opening article in the April number, on the origin and process of silk culture, is as racy and interesting as a sensation novel, although brimming with facts and information worth a more permanent lodgement in the memory. We commend this magazine not only to our mercantile friends, but to all the reading public.

It is published by Wm. B. Dana, Nos. 61 and 63 William street, New York.

Of one thing every man and woman may rest assured, and that is, the people of the United States, acting by their Federal Government, will tolerate no disloyalty in districts and cities which have surrendered. The insolence and impertinence of the New Orleans newspapers and Mayor Monroe, in saying that they merely yielded to superior force and awaited a rescue, were properly punished by the establishment of martial law in that city. The people of the Federal Union are determined to tolerate no treason, and if persons are not prepared to be obedient to the will of the majority, they will have to find out some other country. The United States is no place for them. Let them find a proper and congenial abode in the anarchy and despotism, the wild license and galling tyranny of Mexico and Central America. To obey the laws is to have peace, prosperity and happiness, but to disobey them is to entail ruin on our own heads and that of our innocent children. Then shall we not be true and loyal to our country? Are we fools and madmen that we will not understand the things that make for our peace?

Is it any pleasure for one to enter a contest where certain and inevitable defeat disgrace and misery await him?

The time was when indigo was a staple product of South Carolina, of which many tons were annually exported to England, where its reputation surpassed that of all others. The island of Hayti once supplied the world with coffee—Europe once looked to India only for rice. But rice, introduced by accident into South Carolina, in a few years drove indigo out, while it also expelled the rice of India from Europe. The revolutionary hurricane which drenched Hayti in blood, destroyed her monopoly of the coffee culture, and it became domesticated in Brazil. As Hayti permanently lost it, so Brazil has permanently retained it. Rice in Carolina, and coffee in Brazil, are both exotics, but these changes of locality in the productions of the great staples were not effected suddenly. Hayti, it is true, lost her coffee at a blow, but Brazil was years in bringing her plantations into bearing. The great fact is nevertheless apparent, that accident or convulsion may deprive a country of its leading staple, and that when once lost, it may never be regained.

Let the military authorities no longer delay arresting every villain who circulates incendiary grape-vine reports. The peace of the city demands that the mouths of these mischief-mongers be shut. Let every rebel den be instantly broken up.

A Rebel Lie Exposed.

The New Orleans Delta, after stating the immense value of the cotton, sugar and molasses burned on the levee, says:

By order of the Governor, the cotton on all the banks of all the streams, has been everywhere set on fire. Not a bale could be picked up by the most diligent and enterprising search. The whole valley of the Mississippi is now being illuminated by the most valuable articles of commerce. The execution of this order of the Government, though not prompted by any motive of the sort, will send grief and misery to the great manufacturing communities of the world. It is a heavy loss to our people, but they claim no commiseration or sympathy for the sacrifice.

The Picayune says:

That evening the levees witnessed the grandest spectacle the world ever beheld—12,000 bales of cotton rolled along the levee in one sheet of flame. Grand because its huge flame, climbing high in the air, told the enemy that which they most wanted they would get least of. Grand because it was but the beginning of sacrifices that our patriotic people would offer upon the altar of their country—Grand, because it will show England and France that in leaning towards the enemy they have leaned upon a broken reed that will break and pierce them. It will convince them that we are terribly in earnest.

This statement is copied into such rebel sheets as the Dispatch, and the impression is sought to be made that the people of the South are burning their crops. To prove the falsehood of this, we copy extracts from the New Orleans Crescent, and the Algiers Newday, both warm secession papers, in reference to this matter. The Crescent says:

On Friday, a *laurel* *rubble*, it can be termed, commenced, during the burning of cotton, the breaking up of hogheads of sugar, and forcing barrels of molasses, carrying it off in the most approved style of agrarianism. The scene at the sugar depot at this time is too desolate to require more than a brief notice in this column.

The Algiers paper also tells a different story:

There was much loss and destruction of property on Thursday night and Friday, which was utterly unnecessary and uncalled for. Our dry docks, which the whole Federal navy, could not carry away, were sunk, most of them beyond recovery. A warehouse below the depot, lately put in use by Mr. Thayer, was burnt on yesterday morning, because of the presence of a little cotton therein, which belonged to a Spanish house; but besides this, there were two hundred hogheads of sugar, the property of a widow lady in Attakapas. Two of the barges of the Opelousas Railroad were also burned. None of these sacrifices were necessary. The cotton belonged to neutral foreigners, and was safe from capture. It was put up in half bales, as is usual with cotton intended for Mexican transportation. There could have been no reason for its destruction. We hope to hear of no more such folly.

Prayers for Jeff. Davis and the Southern Shamocracy have been omitted in the Fredericksburg Episcopal Churches, and praying for peace substituted. Religion must be reviving up there.

A little dead contraband was found in a bale of cotton on Tuesday, at the Harmony Mills, at Cohoes, New York.

A grasshopper has been brought to this country from Panama, which measures eight and one-half inches in length, and girls four inches.—*Indianapolis American.*

What a whopper-grass!

Communication from Parson Brownlow.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
ASHER & Co., of Indianapolis, have brought out a small trashy book, in cheap form, purporting to be my "Life, Speeches and Addresses," connected with my troubles among the Secessionists. This is a gross production, doing me great injustice, and by no means reporting me correctly, either as to my history or speeches since I came North. I am now preparing a genuine book of the kind, and will have it out in a few days, published by GEORGE W. CHILDS, of Philadelphia. APPLIGATE & Co., of Cincinnati, are the publishers for the West. I caution the public against the bogus concern, as I shall at once commence legal proceedings against all concerned in vending it, as well as the publisher.

W. G. BROWNLOW.
PHILADELPHIA, May 3, 1862.

Information for Soldiers.

UNITED STATES PAY DEPARTMENT,
COLUMBUS, O., May 13.
EDS. GAZETTE.—To prevent endless inquiry by mail, please state that we are prevented by strict orders from Washington, from paying volunteer officers or soldiers absent from their regiments on sick leave, or otherwise.

Respectfully your obedient servant.
H. C. WHITNEY,
Paymaster, U. S. A.

Telegraphic News.

[Special Despatches to the Nashville Union.]

WASHINGTON, May 17.—The residents are said to be indignant at Hunter's proclamation, freeing slaves. It has been decided to modify it. As many of the members of the Cabinet are absent, no meeting can be held before Monday.

Richmond papers advertise a large number of desertions from the Confederates.

Neither Mercer nor Lyons have any knowledge of the authenticity of the intervention rumor.

LOUISVILLE May 17th.—The reports from Strasburg Va., says Milroy and Schenck occupy Stanton.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The Great Eastern arrived from Liverpool on the 6th.

The Paris Patrie says Mercer's visit to Richmond was political, and its purport known to President Lincoln.

CAIRO, May 17.—Missouri and Tennessee Confederate troops dissatisfied at being required to fight for the Gulf States, their own States having been reclaimed to the Union. Confederates deserting daily.

NASHVILLE, May 17, 1862.
TO JOHN HUGH SMITH, WM. S. CHITTAM, and the other City Authorities of the City of Nashville:

Allow us, in behalf of the members of the Second Christian Church, to return to you our sincere thanks for letting us have a Supper for the benefit of our Church. Respectfully yours, &c.,
BUCK LAWRENCE,
RANSOM HARRIS.

Two "Secesh" Show their Spite

From the New Orleans Bee, April 28.

NOTICE.
The subscribers will continue taking Confederate notes for produce and groceries, or the payment of notes due them.

Q. QUEYRONNE & BROS.,
G. PARCAL.

APRIL 28, 1862.
Commenting on the above, the Bee has the following:

A NOBLE EXAMPLE.—Messrs. Queyronne & Bros., and G. Parcal, announce in our advertising columns that they will continue to receive Confederate notes for produce and groceries and in payment of debts due them. Let every true-hearted Southerner follow this excellent and praiseworthy example.

Other Dealers More Sensible.
From the New Orleans Picayune, April 28.
We learn that dealers in provisions and other necessary articles of trade refuse, to some extent, to receive Confederate money in payment for goods. This is very reprehensible, and is the cause of no little distress to poor people, who, on the faith of the representations made to them by the authorities, have taken that money, and have now no other.

IN EXILE.

Alone and sad, my thoughts are turning,
Beloved one, toward home and thee—
Toward where home lights gleam and fires are burning,
And sweet eyes watch and weep for me.
The bitter cup of exile tasting,
All sweetens from my life seems gone,
And slowly, while the hours are waiting,
I, watching, wait the tardy dawn.

Oh! when, my weary steps retreating,
Shall I four mountains climb again,
And all those memories and echoes
Sweet hope, returning, banish pain?
When, Peace and Liberty restoring,
Shall Freedom's banner float once more,
And Freedom's eagles, proudly soaring,
Scream o'er our hill-tops as of yore?

Oh! home of mine, place nearest heaven,
Oh! sweetest wife and darling boy!
Oh! when, in my embraces given,
Will ye bring back the hours of joy?
Day after day is passing o'er me,
Unlighted by thy loving eye,
And darkly, on the path before me,
I walk beneath the brightest sky.

Vain these poor words, my thought expressing,
They cannot reach thy eye or ear.
And words of mine, though winged with blessing,
Can never, never, come to thee.

Good angels ever keep thee, dearest,
And bless our way, bright-eyed Christ!
Be still that spot to heaven nearest,
Where ye, my precious loved ones, are!
JACQUES DE SIB.
LA SERRA, Ky., March 21st, 1862.

"The Elective Franchise will be the Destruction of this Republic."

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 7.
EDITORS ADVERTISER.—The above astounding remark was made the writer this day, by a surgeon of the rebellious States, who was taken prisoner at Fort Donelson and brought to this city, and is here allowed to go at large upon parole. It is hardly necessary to state that he is one of the "chivalrous men" who can "easily whip twentys of the millions of society." He belongs to the "upper ten," and well educated. The rest of the arguments need not be quoted. Suffice it to say, that in an animated debate with citizens of this city, this man planted himself firmly upon the principle, that we have before understood to prevail at the South, that a "Monarchical Government" was the only true Government, and that this Republic would be destroyed, and a Prince placed over the people and then we should have peace and prosper. Report has before ascribed this sentiment as the ruling passion of the South, at this time. Still it cannot fail to surprise Americans to be informed that such opinions are cherished by individuals born in this land. This Doctor believes this to be the prevailing opinion at the South. Who can wonder at the madness of their conduct when their leading men are constantly inculcating such ideas. If this class of leaders were treated to forfeiture of their lives, many a worthy patriot's life might be saved.

BOOTS AND SHOES

F. H. FRENCH

No. 15 Union Street.

Wholesale and Retail.

Just received, by Adams' Express, a large stock of LADIES', MISSES', & CHILDREN'S

SHOES.

Of best Philadelphia make. COTTON CARDS for sale by the dozen.

New Dry Goods Store.

I have just received from the East an entirely new and elegant stock of

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

Comprising in part,

CALICOES, GINGHAMS, BAREGES, DE LAINES, AND FANCY DRESS

GOODS; IRISH LINENS AND TOWELING.

HOSIERY AND GLOVES, HOOP SKIRTS, NEEDLES, PINS, THREADS, COMBS,

And a thousand other articles too numerous to mention. Also

A COMPLETE STOCK OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES.

Our facilities enable us to offer these goods as New York prices.

WM. KRAUS, Market street, 24 door below Union, Opposite Water House.

LANDRETH'S WARRANTED GARDEN SEEDS

GROWTH OF 1861.

FRESH SUPPLIES of these most reliable SEEDS received by the subscriber, Agent for their sale in Nashville.

LANDRETH'S REGISTER AND ALMANAC for distribution, gratis, by

T. WELLS,

MARKET STREET, NASHVILLE.

BLUE GRASS SEED, RED CLOVER SEED, ORCHARD GRASS SEED, WHITE CLOVER SEED, BERMS GRASS SEED, MIXED WILD SEED, CANARY SEED, OSAGE ORANGE SEED.

TOGETHER WITH PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, GLASS WARE, &c., &c.

BY T. WELLS,

SIGN OF THE MAN AND MORTAR, 10 Market St., opposite Union, Nashville.

APRIL 28-62

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.

General Commission Merchants

AND BANKERS.

63 and 65, Beaver Street, and 20 Exchange Place, New York.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND, WILLIAM WELLS, May 6, 1862.

INSURANCE

Against loss or damage by fire or the perils of NAVIGATION, can be obtained at the Insurance Office of

W. J. MARR,

No. 25 COLLEGE STREET, (Opposite the "Sevance House.")

Mar 29-62

\$100 Reward!

RUNAWAY or STOLEN From Clarksville, the 20th or 21st of February last, two likely young NE-
GRO MEN.—FRANK, about 22 or 23 years old, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, weighs about 160 lbs. JIM, about 19 years old, same height as Frank, weighs about 150 or 160 lbs. Very light complexion, same nose and hair.

These two boys were missing at the same time, and being brothers, I doubt not, are together.

I will pay the above reward of \$100, in Tennessee money, State Bank, to any person who will give me said boys, Frank and Jim, to me near Clarksville, Tenn.

may 1-62

ROBERT MOORE & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

COMMISSIONS OF COTTON, TOBACCO, LARD, FEATHERS AND PRODUCE generally, will receive our best attention.

Freights for New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore.

WE ARE FORWARDING COTTON, TOBACCO &c., on more advantageous terms than if received through from Cincinnati to New York.

ROBERT MOORE & CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

may 14

Marshal's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, to me directed from the Honorable Circuit Court of the United States for the Middle District of Tennessee, I will expose to public vendue, to the highest bidder, for Cash, on the premises of T. M. BRENNAN, at his Foundry on Front Street, on the 19th day of MAY, 1862, the following property, to wit: SEVERAL LOTS OF FUGITIVE IRON, amounting to two hundred and thirty tons, more or less, levied on as the property of said T. M. BRENNAN to satisfy a judgment in favor of Alexander, Brennan & Co., rendered at the April Term, 1862, of said Court. Sale in common at 10 o'clock.

E. J. GLASSCOCK, Sheriff.

Nashville, May 7, 1862. F. H. Marshall M. D. T.

may 7-62

Monetary.

Furnished by Dyer Pearl.

Tennessee Bank Notes are selling at 25 to 40 per cent. discount. Georgia Old Banks, 40 to 45 do. South Carolina and Alabama, 40 to 45 do. Virginia and North Carolina, 40 to 45 do. Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky, 2 to 5 do. U. S. Treasury Notes, 2 to 5 do.

These rates are for gold.

The Bank of West Tennessee is an exception to the above quotations. Sales have been made at 60 per cent. discount for gold.

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED

ANOTHER LARGE LOT OF

DRY GOODS

AND NOTIONS.

CONSISTING IN PART OF

Prints, Gingham, Lawns, Bareges, De Laines, Silks, Robes, Linens, Carsets,

SKIRTS, WHITE GOODS.

HOSIERY & GLOVES,

ALSO, A FULL STOCK OF

GOODS FOR MEN'S WEAR,

Which we offer to the trade at the lowest wholesale prices.

STADLER, BROS. & CO., No. 2, Enley's Building, South Side Square, may 1-62

W. R. CORNELIUS,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER,

DEALER IN METALLIC CASES,

49 CHURCH STREET, Nashville, Tenn.

MAY 8-62

ADAM MYERS, W. R. HUNT, M. POWERS.

MYERS, HUNT & CO.,

No. 72 North Market St.,

Respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they are manufacturing and have on hand, of their own manufacture,

COACHES, BAROUCHES,

ALBERTS.

Shifting-Top and No-Top Buggies, Sulkeys, &c., &c.,

Which they are selling for Cash, at prices to suit the times, and to which the attention of buyers is called.

All work warranted, and satisfaction guaranteed. may 2-62

H. C. JACKSON,

GROCEER,

Produce & Commission Merchant,

No. 8, SOUTH MARKET ST., (JOHN H. HILL'S BLOCK.)

NASHVILLE, TENN.

Has on hand and for sale at the lowest figures:

200 Bbls. Best Family Flour,

1,500 Bushels Potatoes, very fine,

500 Reams Wrapping Paper,

20 Casks Bacon,

10 Boxes Tobacco,

20 Bbls. Best Family Flour,

100 Bbls. Salt,

50 Bbls. Vinegar,

ALSO, ALL KINDS OF

FAMILY GROCERIES.

The attention of dealers and consumers are invited to his stock.

Particular attention given to the orders of Country Merchants, and the purchase on sale of all kinds of Produce.

may 1-62

Information Wanted.

\$10 Reward!

Will be given to any one that can give any information as to where I can find my boy, an intelligent lad, about 12 years of age. He left my house last Friday to go to Chattanooga, and has not been heard of since.

WM. STOWERS, South Market St. May 15-62

CHANCELLOR.

FOURTH CHANCERY DISTRICT.

We are authorized to announce Hon. SAMUEL D. FARRAR as a candidate for re-election as Chancellor of the Fourth Chancery District, comprising the counties of Davidson, Williamson, Henry, Giles and Lewis.

may 1-62

For the Union.

Mr. FARRAR: I yield to the flattering request of the members of the Bar, and the earnest solicitation of numerous friends and acquaintances, and announce myself a candidate for the office of Judge of the 9th Judicial Circuit,